

# Bridging the Gap between Model Explanations in Partially Annotated Multi-label Classification

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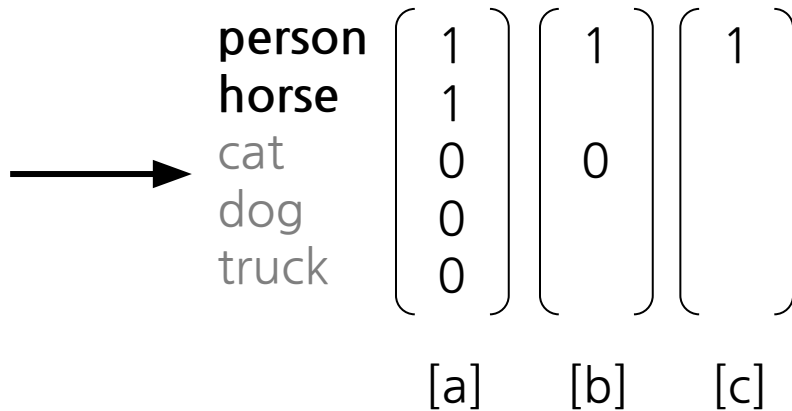
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# Quick Preview

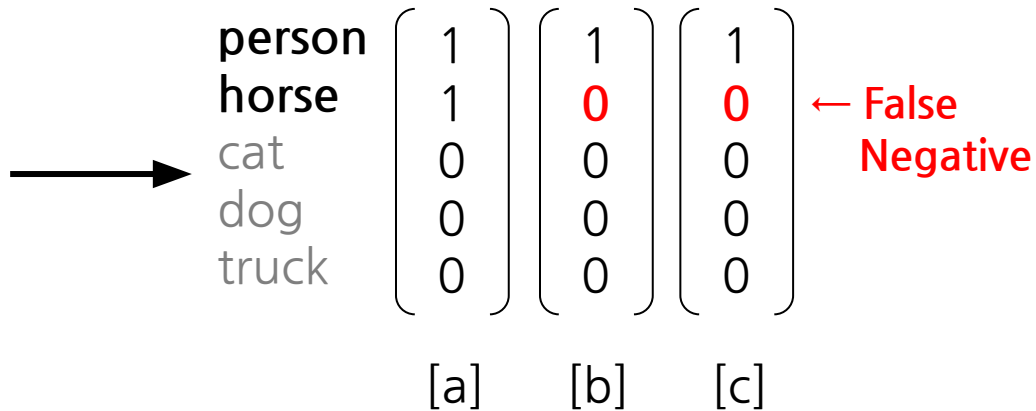


[a] : full annotation

[b] : **partial annotation**

[c] : **single positive label**

# Quick Preview

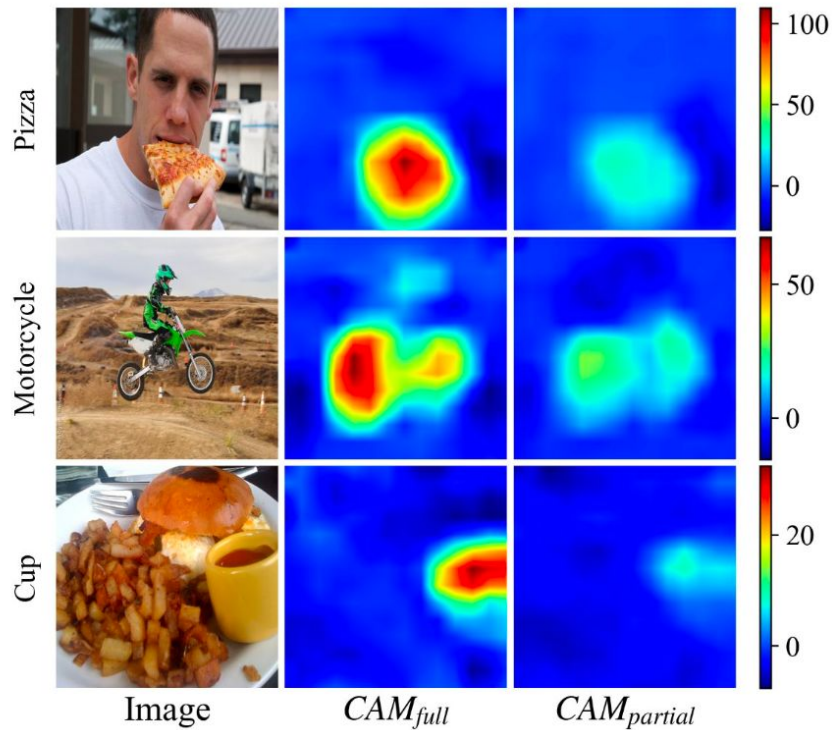


[a] : full annotation

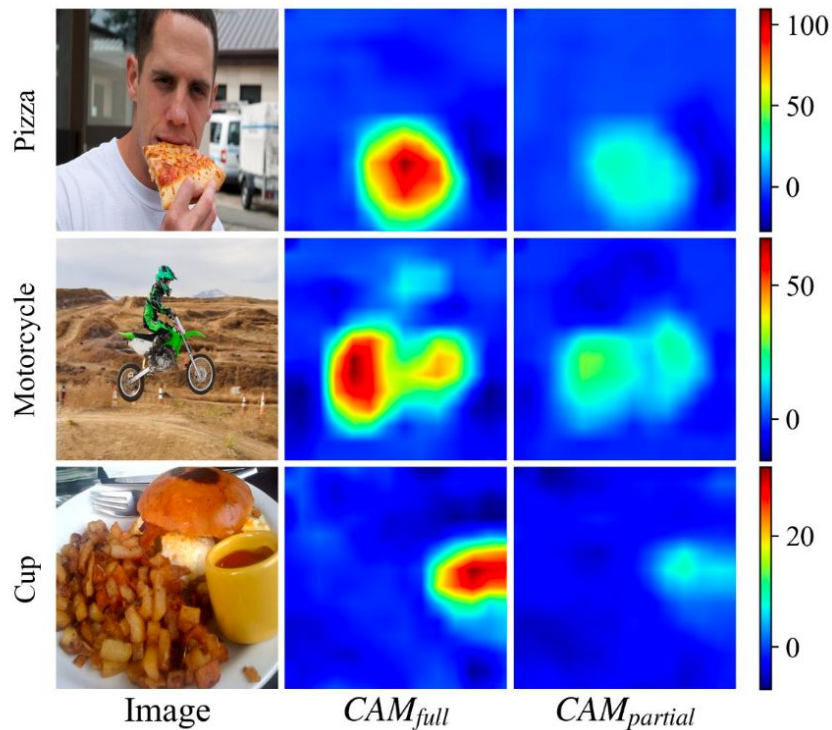
[b] : **partial annotation**

[c] : **single positive label**

# Quick Preview



# Quick Preview

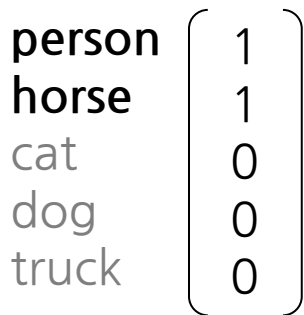


**Core Idea : Bridge the gap!**

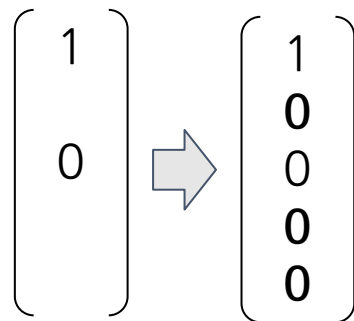
# Partially annotated multi-label classification

Baseline approach :

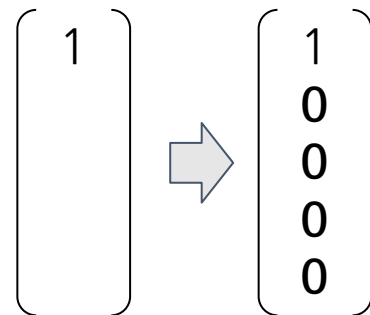
Assuming unannotated labels as **N**egative labels (AN)



[a]



[b]



[c]

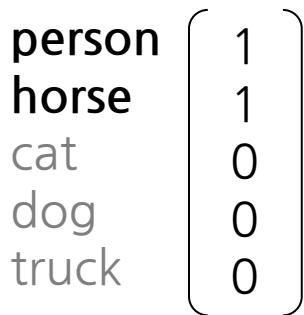
# Partially annotated multi-label classification

Baseline approach :

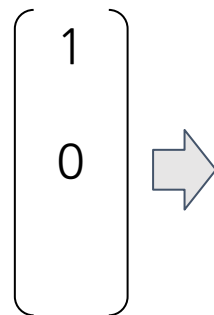
Assuming unannotated labels as **N**egative labels (AN)

Drawback :

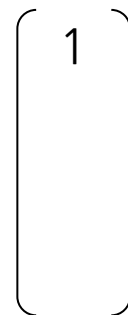
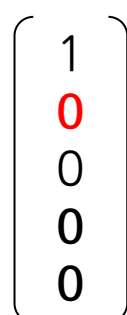
Introducing **label noise** (i.e., false negative)



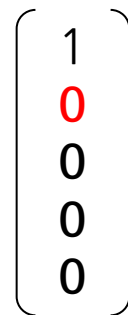
[a]



[b]



[c]



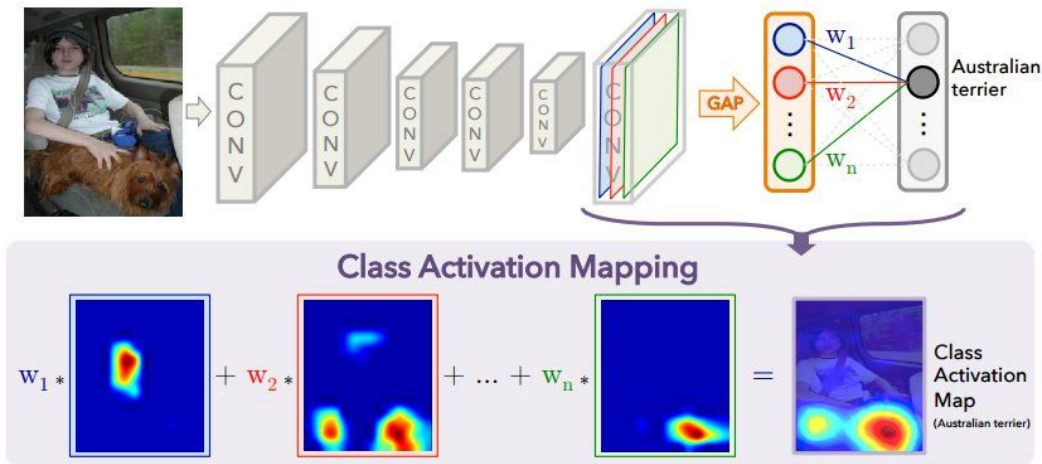
# Analysis on model explanation

Q. How false negative labels affect **model explanation**?

Model 1 : Train ResNet-50 with **full annotation**

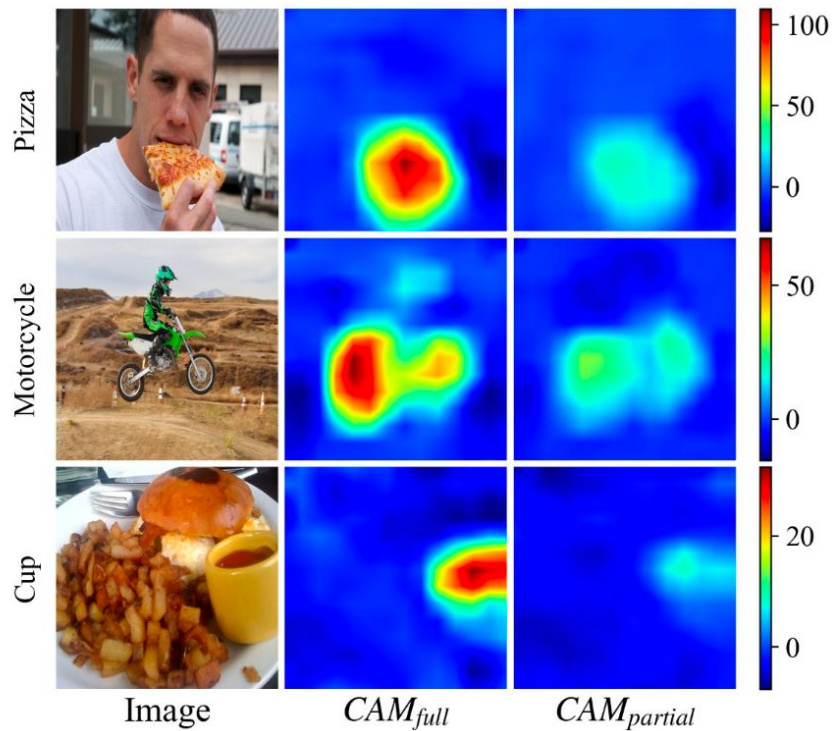
Model 2 : Train ResNet-50 with **partial annotation**

Class Activation Map (CAM)

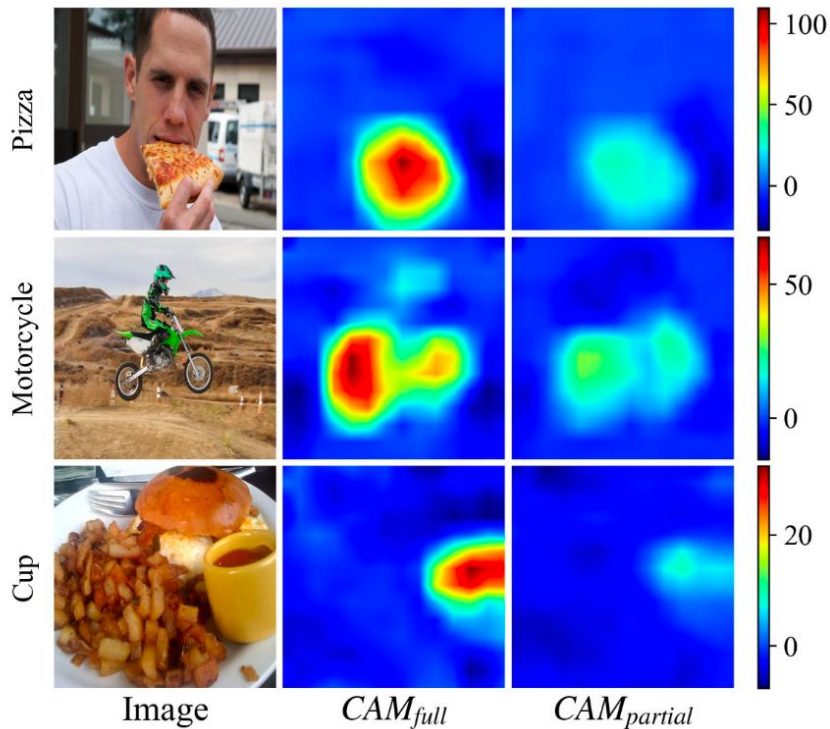




# Analysis on model explanation



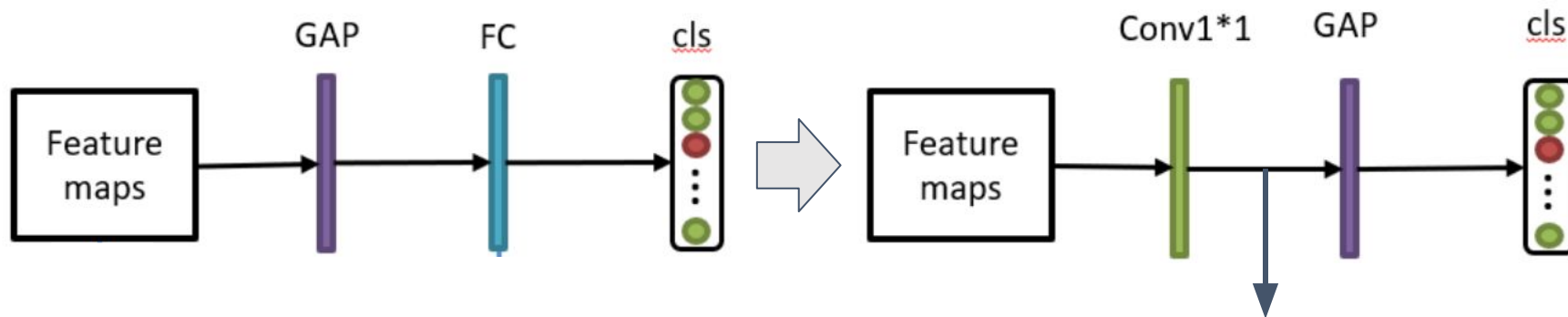
# Analysis on model explanation



**Core Idea : Bridge the gap!**

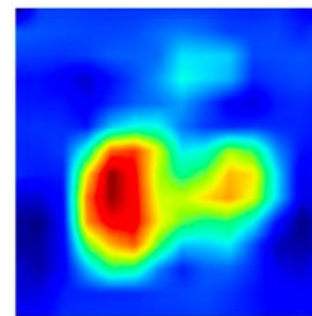
# Proposed method : BoostLU

1) Modify CNN classification network architecture



Advantage :

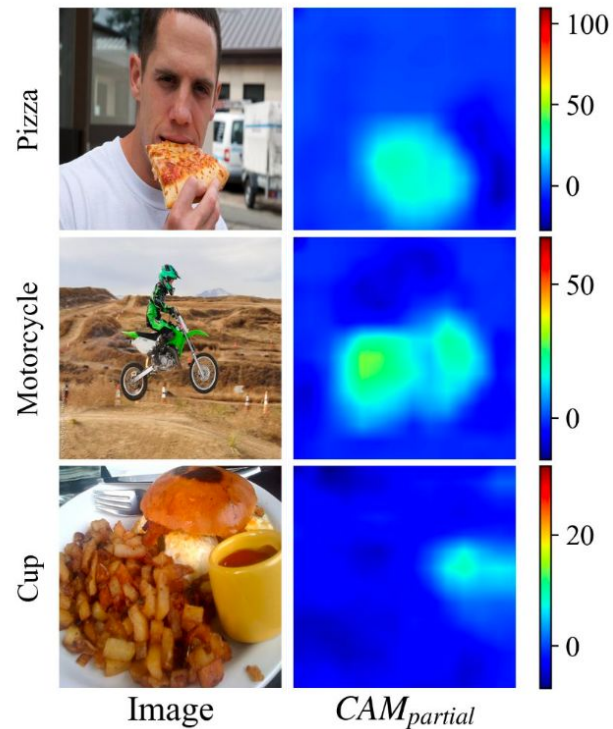
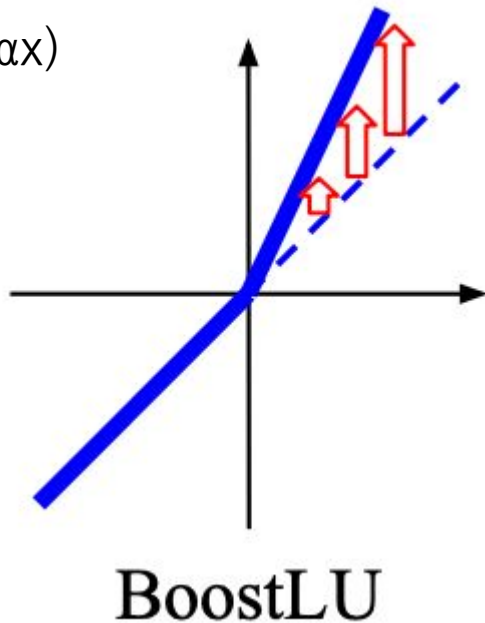
We can obtain CAM during forward pass



# Proposed method : BoostLU

2) Apply BoostLU on CAM element-wisely

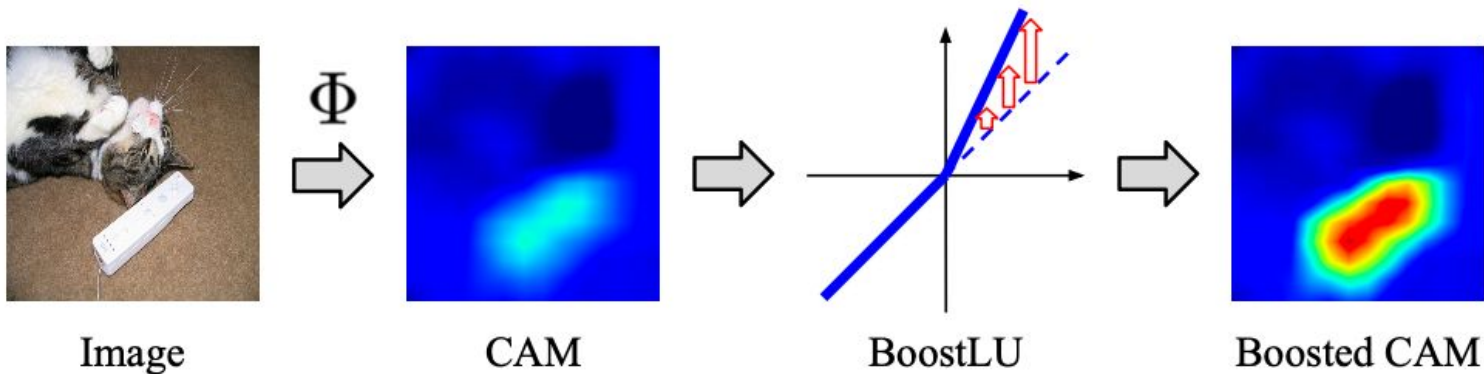
$$\text{BoostLU}(x) = \max(x, \alpha x)$$



# Proposed method : BoostLU

2) Apply BoostLU on CAM element-wisely

$$\text{BoostLU}(x) = \max(x, \alpha x), \text{ set } \alpha=5$$



# Proposed method : BoostLU

Several scenarios for BoostLU application

i) Apply only in **inference phase**

=> Performance improves without additional training

BoostLU in inference	Performance	
	VOC	COCO
	86.10	64.58
✓	87.31	66.27

# Proposed method : BoostLU

Several scenarios for BoostLU application

- ii) Apply also in training phase with large loss modification scheme  
=> Performance improves further!

BoostLU in inference	BoostLU in training	LL-R in training	Performance	
			VOC	COCO
			86.10	64.58
✓			87.31	66.27
✓	✓	✓	<b>89.27</b>	<b>72.82</b>

# Experiment results

## 1) single positive label setting

Methods	VOC	COCO	NUS	CUB
Full Label	89.42	76.78	52.08	30.90
AN	85.89	64.92	42.27	18.31
LS [30]	87.90	67.15	43.77	16.26
ASL [33]	87.76	68.78	46.93	18.81
ROLE [11]	87.77	67.04	41.63	13.66
ROLE + LI [11]	88.26	69.12	45.98	14.86
EM [50]	89.09	70.70	47.15	20.85
EM + APL [50]	89.19	70.87	47.59	<b>21.84</b>
LL-R [21]	88.27	70.70	48.76	19.56
+ BoostLU (Ours)	<b>89.29</b>	<b>72.89</b>	<b>49.59</b>	19.80
LL-Ct [21]	87.79	70.29	48.08	19.06
+ BoostLU (Ours)	88.61	71.78	48.37	19.25
LL-Cp [21]	87.44	70.27	47.92	19.21
+ BoostLU (Ours)	87.81	71.41	48.61	19.34

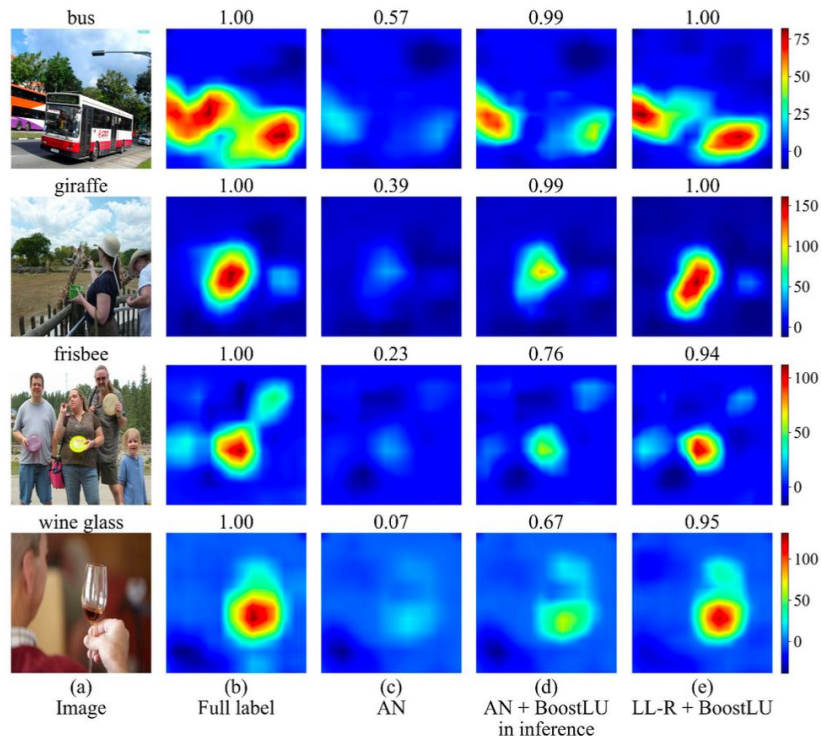
## 2) Openimages v3

Methods	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 5	All Classes
CNN-RNN [39]	68.76	69.70	74.18	78.52	84.61	75.16
Curriculum Labeling [13]	70.37	71.32	76.23	80.54	86.81	77.05
IMCL [17]	70.95	72.59	77.64	81.83	87.34	78.07
P-ASL [2]	73.19	78.61	85.11	87.70	90.61	83.03
LL-R [21]	77.76	79.07	81.94	84.51	89.36	82.53
+ BoostLU (Ours)	79.28	80.81	83.32	85.63	90.27	83.86
LL-Ct [21]	77.76	79.18	81.97	84.46	89.51	82.58
+ BoostLU (Ours)	79.43	80.75	83.41	85.70	90.41	83.94
LL-Cp [21]	77.49	79.22	81.89	84.51	89.18	82.46
+ BoostLU (Ours)	79.53	81.04	83.40	85.85	90.39	<b>84.04</b>



# Experiment results

## 3) Qualitative results



# Thank you!



Github Link